John R. Kasich, Governor Cynthia C. Dungey, Director

## Ohio Department of Job and Family Services Prohibitive Convictions and Rehabilitation Standards for Child Care Centers, Family Child Care Home Providers, and In-Home Aides

Per the Ohio Revised Code (ORC), anyone who has been convicted of or plead guilty to the offenses below are prohibited from owning, operating or working in a child care business or working as a child care provider or certified in-home aide unless rehabilitation standards have been met.

In addition, anyone younger than 18 who lives in a Family Child Care Home must not have been adjudicated delinquent for committing the offenses listed below.

Prohibitive Offenses		
Homicide ORC 2903.01 – Aggravated murder ORC 2903.02 – Murder ORC 2903.03 – Voluntary manslaughter ORC 2903.04 – Involuntary manslaughter	Robbery and burglary  ORC 2911.01 – Aggravated robbery  ORC 2911.02 – Robbery  ORC 2911.11 – Aggravated burglary  ORC 2911.12 – Burglary	
Assault  ORC 2903.11 – Felonious assault  ORC 2903.12 – Aggravated assault  ORC 2903.13 – Assault  ORC 2903.16 – Failing to provide for a functionally impaired person	Arson  ORC 2909.02 – Aggravated arson  ORC 2909.22 – Soliciting or providing support for act of terrorism  ORC 2909.23 – Making terroristic threat  ORC 2909.24 – Terrorism  ORC 2909.03 – Arson	
Menacing ORC 2903.15 – Permitting child abuse ORC 2903.21 – Aggravated menacing ORC 2903.211– Menacing by stalking ORC 2903.22 – Menacing	Offenses against the family ORC 2919.12 – Unlawful abortion ORC 2919.22 – Endangering children ORC 2919.23 – Interference with custody ORC 2919.24 – Contributing to unruliness or delinquency of a child ORC 2919.25 – Domestic violence ORC 2919.224 – Misrepresentation relating to provision of child care ORC 2919.225 Disclosure and notice regarding death or injury of child in facility	
Patient abuse and neglect ORC 2903.34 – Patient abuse, neglect	Offenses against justice and public administration ORC 2921.11 – Perjury ORC 2921.13 – Falsification ORC 2921.14 – Making or causing false report of child abuse or neglect	
Kidnapping and related issues  ORC 2905.01 – Kidnapping ORC 2905.02 – Abduction ORC 2905.04 – Child stealing (as this law existed prior to July 1, 1996) ORC 2905.05 – Criminal child enticement ORC 2905.32 – Trafficking in persons	Weapons control  ORC 2923.12 – Carrying a concealed weapon ORC 2923.13 – Having a weapon while under disability ORC 2923.161 – Improperly discharging a firearm at or into a habitation or school ORC 2923.01 – Conspiracy ORC 2923.02 – Attempt, that relates to a crime specified in division 109.572 (A)(5) ORC 2923.03 – Complicity, that relates to a crime specified in division 109.572 (A)(5)	
Sex offenses  ORC 2907.02 – Rape ORC 2907.03 – Sexual battery ORC 2907.04 – Corruption of a minor ORC 2907.05 – Gross sexual imposition ORC 2907.06 – Sexual imposition ORC 2907.07 – Importuning ORC 2907.08 – Voyeurism ORC 2907.09 – Public indecency ORC 2907.12 – Felonious sexual penetration (as this former section	Drug offenses  ORC 2925.02 – Corrupting another with drugs ORC 2925.03 – Trafficking in drugs ORC 2925.04 – Illegal manufacture of drugs or cultivation of marijuana ORC 2925.05 – Funding of drug or marijuana trafficking ORC 2925.06 – Illegal administration or distribution of anabolic steroids ORC 2925.11 – Possession of drugs or marijuana that is not a minor drug possession offense in section ORC 2925.01	

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of law existed)	
ORC 2907.19 – Commercial sexual exploitation of a minor	
ORC 2907.21 – Compelling prostitution	
ORC 2907.22 – Promoting prostitution	
ORC 2907.23 – Procuring	
ORC 2907.24 – Soliciting – after positive HIV test driver's license	
suspension	
ORC 2907.25 – Prostitution	
ORC 2907.31 – Disseminating matter harmful to juveniles	
ORC 2907.32 – Pandering obscenity	
ORC 2907.321 – Pandering obscenity involving a minor	
ORC 2907.322 – Pandering sexually oriented matter involving a	
minor	
ORC 2907.323 – Illegal use of a minor in nudity–oriented material	
or performance	
Theft and fraud	Other
ORC 2913.02 – Theft; aggravated theft	ORC 2151.421– Reporting child abuse or neglect
ORC 2913.03 – Unauthorized use of a vehicle	ORC 2905.11 – Extortion
ORC 2913.04 – Unauthorized use of property, computer, cable, or	ORC 3716.11 – Placing harmful objects in food or confection
telecommunication property or service	ORC 2909.04 – Disrupting public services
ORC 2913.041 – Possession or sale of unauthorized cable	ORC 2909.05 – Vandalism
television device	ORC 2917.01 – Inciting to violence
ORC 2913.33 – Making or using slugs	ORC 2917.02 – Aggravated riot
ORC 2913.05 – Telecommunications fraud	ORC 2917.03 – Riot
ORC 2913.06 – Unlawful use of telecommunications	ORC 2917.31 – Inducing panic
ORC 2913.11 – Passing bad checks	ORC 2921.03 – Intimidation
ORC 2923.02 – Attempt	ORC 2921.34 – Escape
ORC 2913.21 - Misuse of credit cards	ORC 2921.35 – Aiding escape or resistance to authority
ORC 2913.31 - Forgery; identification card	ORC 2927.12 – Ethnic intimidation
ORC 2913.32 - Criminal simulation	ORC 4511.19 – Operating vehicle under the influence of alcohol or
ORC 2913.40 - Medicaid fraud ORC 2913.41 - Prima facie evidence of purpose to defraud	drugs – OVI. (A second violation within five years of the date of
ORC 2913.41 - Final facte evidence of purpose to defraud	application for licensure or employment.)
ORC 2913.43 - Securing writings by deception	
ORC 2913.44 - Personating an officer	
ORC 2913.441- Law Enforcement emblem display	
ORC 2913.45 - Defrauding creditors	
ORC 2913.46 - Illegal use of food stamps or WIC program benefits	
ORC 2913.47 - Insurance fraud	
ORC 2913.48 - Worker's compensation fraud	
ORC 2913.49 - Identity fraud	
Source: $ORC$ Division $100.572$ $(A)(5)$	

Source: ORC Division 109.572 (A)(5)

Anyone with prohibitive offenses must provide conclusive evidence and documentation that rehabilitation standards were met before potentially being eligible for a child care license or inhome aide certificate or to be eligible to work in a child care setting.

### What are the Standards for Rehabilitation?

### If the offense was a misdemeanor:

- At least three years must have elapsed from the date the person was fully discharged from imprisonment, probation or parole, unless the records were sealed.
- All fines imposed by the court as part of the sentence have been paid in full.

## If the offense was a felony:

- At least 10 years must have elapsed since the person was fully discharged from imprisonment, probation or parole, unless the records were sealed.
- All fines imposed by the court as part of the sentence have been paid in full
- The felony was not one of the following:

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ORC 2903.01 – Aggravated Murder
ORC 2903.02 – Murder
ORC 2903.11 – Felonious Assault
ORC 2903.12 – Aggravated Assault
ORC 2903.13 – Assault
ORC 2903.13 – Assault
ORC 2905.01 – Kidnapping
ORC 2907.02 – Rape
ORC 2909.03 – Arson
ORC 2909.03 – Arson
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ORC 2907.03 – Sexual Battery	ORC 2919.22 – Endangering Children
ORC 2907.12 – Felonious Sexual Penetration (as this former	ORC 2919.25 – Domestic Violence
section of law existed)	Or an existing or former offense of any municipal corporation, this
	state, or any other state, or the United States that is substantially
	equivalent to any of these offenses.

## Once the above time limits have elapsed, the following additional factors will be considered when determining whether rehabilitations standards were met:

- Age of the person at the time of the offense
- Nature and seriousness of the offense
- Time elapsed since discharge from imprisonment, probation or parole
- Whether the person is a repeat offender

### These factors will be considered for:

- Applicants, owners, administrators and employees of child care centers
- Owners, administrators, employees and residents age 18 or older in Type A Homes
- Applicants, providers, employees, assistants, emergency caregivers, substitute caregivers and other adults living in Type B Homes

## When is an Individual Not Eligible to Receive a Child Care License or Certification?

## Family Child Care License or Certified In-Home Aide:

- If a child was removed from his/her home because of abuse, neglect or dependency (per ORC section 2151.353)
- If information in the Statewide Automated Child Welfare Information System (SACWIS) indicates the person should not be a child care provider

# For Child Care Centers, Family Child Care Home providers or Certified In-Home Aide, the victim of the offense must not have been one of the following:

- Under the age of 18
- Functionally impaired as defined in ORC section 2903.10
- Intellectually or developmentally disabled as defined in ORC section 5123.01
- Mentally ill as defined in ORC section 5122.01
- Age 60 or older

Who Is Required to Complete a Criminal Records Check?	
<b>Child Care Centers</b>	Family Child Care Home and In-Home
	<u>Aides</u>
Individual owner/owner's representative	Licensed Family Child Care home provider
Administrator	Applicants to be a Family Child Care provider
Employee	Certified in-home aide
Second adult in a child care center	Child care staff member
Child care staff member	Substitute caregiver
	Employee
	Everyone 18 and older who lives in a Family
	Child Care home

Source: Ohio Administrative Code (OAC) rules 5101:2-12-09, 5101:2-13-09 and 5101:2-14-03