

Executive Summary



The Economic Value of the Cuyahoga Community College





■ UYAHOGA COMMUNITY COLLEGE (Tri-C) creates value in many ways. The college plays a key role in helping students increase their employability and achieve their individual potential. The college draws students to the county, generating new dollars and opportunities for Cuyahoga County. Tri-C provides students with the education, training, and skills they need to have fulfilling and prosperous careers. Furthermore, Tri-C is a place for students to meet new people, increase their self-confidence, and promote their overall health and well-being.

Tri-C influences both the lives of its students and the county economy. The college supports a variety of industries in Cuyahoga County, serves county businesses, and benefits society as a whole in Ohio from an expanded economy and improved quality of life. Additionally, the benefits created by Tri-C extend to the state and local government through increased tax revenues and public sector savings.

This study measures the economic impacts created by Tri-C on the business community and the benefits the college generates in return for the investments made by its key stakeholder groups-students, taxpayers, and society. The following two analyses are presented:



CUYAHOGA COUNTY

Tri-C influences both the lives of its students and the county economy.



Economic impact analysis



Investment analysis

All results reflect employee, student, and financial data, provided by the college, for fiscal year (FY) 2020-21. Impacts on the Cuyahoga County economy are reported under the economic impact analysis and are measured in terms of added income. The returns on investment to students, taxpayers, and society in Ohio are reported under the investment analysis.

Economic impact analysis



Tri-C promotes economic growth in Cuyahoga County through its direct expenditures and the resulting expenditures of students and county businesses. The college serves as an employer and buyer of goods and services for its day-to-day and construction operations. The college's activities attract students from outside Cuyahoga County, whose expenditures benefit county vendors. In addition, Tri-C is a primary source of higher education to Cuyahoga County residents and a supplier of trained workers to county industries, enhancing overall productivity in the county workforce.

Operations spending impact

Tri-C adds economic value to Cuyahoga County as an employer of county residents and a large-scale buyer of goods and services. In FY 2020-21, the college employed 4,005 full-time and part-time faculty and staff, 69% of whom lived in Cuyahoga County. Total payroll at Tri-C was \$164.5 million, much of which was spent in the county for groceries, mortgage and rent payments, dining out, and other household expenses. In addition, the college spent \$82.3 million on day-to-day expenses related to facilities, supplies, and professional services.

Tri-C's day-to-day operations spending added \$175.6 million in income to the county during the analysis year. This figure represents the college's payroll, the multiplier effects generated by the in-county spending of the college and its employees, and a downward adjustment to account for funding that the college received from county sources. The \$175.6 million in added income is equivalent to supporting 4,010 jobs in the county.

Construction spending impact

Tri-C invests in construction each year to maintain its facilities, create additional capacities, and meet its growing educational demands. While the amount varies from year to year, these quick infusions of income and jobs have a substantial impact on the county economy. In FY 2020-21, Tri-C's construction spending generated \$3.8 million in added income, which is equivalent to supporting 54 jobs.

Student spending impact

Around 34% of credit students attending Tri-C originated from outside the county in FY 2020-21, and some of these students relocated to Cuyahoga County to attend Tri-C. These students may not have come to the county if the college did not exist. In addition, some in-county students, referred to as retained students,

Impacts created by Tri-C in FY 2020-21



Operations spending impact

\$175.6 million



Construction spending impact

\$3.8 million



Student spending impact

\$35.5 million





Alumni impact \$1.3 billion



Total economic impact

\$1.5 billion

OR

Jobs supported 18,946



would have left Cuyahoga County if not for the existence of Tri-C. While attending the college, these relocated and retained students spent money on groceries, accommodation, transportation, and other household expenses. This spending generated \$35.5 million in added income for the county economy in FY 2020-21, which supported 593 jobs in Cuyahoga County.

Alumni impact

The education and training Tri-C provides for county residents has the greatest impact. Since the establishment of the college, students have studied at Tri-C and entered the county workforce with greater knowledge and new skills. Today, hundreds of thousands of former Tri-C students are employed in Cuyahoga County. As a result of their education from Tri-C, the students receive higher earnings and increase the productivity of the businesses that employ them. In FY 2020-21, Tri-C alumni generated \$1.3 billion in added income for the county economy, which is equivalent to supporting 14,289 jobs.

Tri-C impacts by industry (jobs supported)



2,098

Retail Trade



2,047

Health Care & Social Assistance



1,380

Real Estate & Rental & Leasing



1,071

Other Services (except Public Admin)



1,013

Professional & Technical Services

Total impact

Tri-C added \$1.5 billion in income to the Cuyahoga County economy during the analysis year, equal to the sum of the operations and construction spending impacts; the student spending impact; and the alumni impact. For context, the \$1.5 billion impact was equal to approximately 1.3% of the total gross regional product (GRP) of Cuyahoga County. This contribution that the college pro-

County is supported by the activities of Tri-C and its students.

One out of every 51 jobs in Cuyahoga

vided on its own is nearly as large as the entire Arts, Entertainment, & Recreation industry in the county.

Tri-C's total impact can also be expressed in terms of jobs supported. The \$1.5 billion impact supported 18,946 county jobs, using the jobs-to-sales ratios specific to each industry in the county. This means that one out of every 51 jobs in Cuyahoga County is supported by the activities of Tri-C and its students. In addition, the \$1.5 billion, or 18,946 supported jobs, stemmed from different industry sectors. For instance, among non-education industry sectors, the spending of Tri-C and its students and the activities of its alumni in the Health Care & Social Assistance industry sector supported 2,047 jobs in FY 2020-21. If the college did not exist, these impacts would not have been generated in Cuyahoga County.

Investment analysis



An investment analysis evaluates the costs associated with a proposed venture against its expected benefits. If the benefits outweigh the costs, then the investment is financially worthwhile. The analysis presented here evaluates Tri-C as an investment from the perspectives of students, taxpayers, and society in Ohio.

Student perspective

In FY 2020-21, Tri-C served 31,841 credit and 10,350 non-credit students. In order to attend the college, the students paid for tuition, fees, books, and supplies. They also took out loans and will incur interest on those loans. Additionally, students gave up money they would have otherwise earned had they been working instead of attending college. The total investment made by Tri-C's students in FY 2020-21 amounted to a present value of \$115.6 million, equal to \$51.3 million in outof-pocket expenses (including future principal and interest on student loans) and \$64.4 million in forgone time and money.

In return for their investment, Tri-C's students will receive a stream of higher future earnings that will continue to grow throughout their working lives. For example, the average Tri-C associate degree graduate from FY 2020-21 will see annual earnings that are \$11,200 higher than a person with a high school diploma or equivalent working in Ohio. Over a working lifetime, the benefits of an associate degree over a high school diploma will amount to an undiscounted value of \$470.4 thousand in higher earnings per graduate. The present value of the cumulative higher future earnings that Tri-C's FY 2020-21 students will receive over their working careers is \$807.6 million.

The students' benefit-cost ratio is 7.0. In other words, for every dollar students invest in Tri-C in the form of out-of-pocket expenses and forgone time and money, they will receive a cumulative value of \$7.00 in higher future earnings. Annually, the students' investment in Tri-C has an average annual internal rate of return of 20.7%, which is impressive compared to the U.S. stock market's 30-year average rate of return of 10.5%. Students see a high rate of return for their investment in the Tri-C



Average annual return for Tri-C students

20.7%



Stock market 30-vear average annual return

10.5%

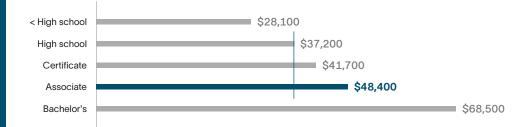


Interest earned on savings account (National Rate Cap)

0.8%

Source: Forbes' S&P 500, 1992-2021. FDIC.gov, 2-2022.

The average associate degree graduate from Tri-C will see an increase in earnings of \$11,200 each year compared to a person with a high school diploma or equivalent working in Ohio.



Source: Lightcast employment data.



Taxpayer perspective

Tri-C generates more in tax revenue than it receives. These benefits to taxpayers consist primarily of taxes that the state and local government will collect from the added revenue created in the state. As Tri-C students will earn more, they will make higher tax payments throughout their working lives. Students' employers will also make higher tax payments as they increase their output and purchases of goods and services. By the end of the FY 2020-21 students'

working lives, the state and local government will have collected a present value of \$280.8 million in added taxes.

Benefits to taxpayers will also consist of savings generated by the improved lifestyles of Tri-C students and the corresponding reduced government services. Education is statistically correlated with a variety of lifestyle changes. The education that Tri-C students receive will generate savings in three main

For every dollar of public money invested in Tri-C, taxpayers will receive a cumulative value of \$1.40 over the course of the students' working lives.

categories: 1) healthcare, 2) justice system, and 3) income assistance. Improved health will lower students' demand for national health care services. In addition, costs related to the justice system will decrease. Tri-C students will be more employable, so their reduced demand for income assistance such as welfare and unemployment benefits will benefit taxpayers. For a list of study references, contact the college for a copy of the main report. Altogether, the present value of the benefits associated with an education from Tri-C will generate \$22.5 million in savings to state and local taxpayers.

Total taxpayer benefits amount to \$303.2 million, the present value sum of the added taxes and public sector savings. Taxpayer costs are \$216.6 million, equal to the amount of state and local government funding Tri-C received in FY 2020-21. These benefits and costs yield a benefit-cost ratio of 1.4. This means that for every dollar of public money invested in Tri-C in FY 2020-21, taxpayers will receive a cumulative present value of \$1.40 over the course of the students' working lives. The average annual internal rate of return for taxpayers is 1.4%, which compares favorably to other longterm investments in the public and private sectors.

Social perspective

Society as a whole in Ohio benefits from the presence of Tri-C in two major ways. Primarily, society benefits from an increased economic base in the state. This is attributed to the added income from students' increased lifetime earnings (added student income) and increased business output (added business income), which raise economic prosperity in Ohio.

Benefits to society also consist of the savings generated by the improved lifestyles of Tri-C students. As discussed in the previous section, education is statistically correlated with a variety of lifestyle changes that generate social savings. Note that these costs are avoided by the consumers but are distinct from the costs avoided by the taxpayers outlined above. Healthcare savings include avoided medical costs associated with smoking, alcohol dependence, obesity, drug abuse, and depression. Justice system savings include avoided costs to the government and society due to less judicial activity. Income assistance savings include reduced welfare and unemployment claims. For a list of study references, contact the college for a copy of the main report.

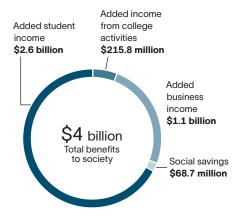
Altogether, the social benefits of Tri-C equal a present value of \$4 billion. These benefits include \$2.6 billion in added student income, \$1.1 billion in added business income, \$215.8 million in added income from college activities, as well as \$68.7 million in social savings related to health, the justice system, and income assistance in Ohio. People in Ohio invested a present value total of \$342 million in Tri-C in FY 2020-21. The cost includes all the college and student costs.

The benefit-cost ratio for society is 11.8, equal to the \$4 billion in benefits divided by the \$342 million in costs. In other words, for every dollar invested in Tri-C, people in Ohio will receive a cumulative value of \$11.80 in benefits. The benefits of this investment will occur for as long as Tri-C's FY 2020-21 students remain employed in the state workforce.

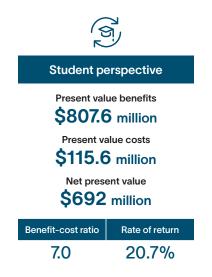
Summary of investment analysis results

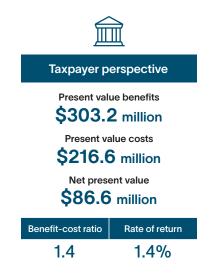
The results of the analysis demonstrate that Tri-C is a strong investment for all three major stakeholder groups-students, taxpayers, and society. As shown, students receive a great return for their investments in an education from Tri-C. At the same time, taxpayers' investment in Tri-C returns more to government budgets than it costs and creates a wide range of social benefits throughout Ohio.

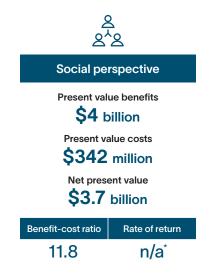
Social benefits in Ohio from Tri-C



Source: Lightcast impact model.







^{*} The rate of return is not reported for the social perspective because the beneficiaries of the investment are not necessarily the same as the original investors.

Conclusion

The results of this study demonstrate that Tri-C creates value from multiple perspectives. The college benefits county businesses by increasing consumer spending in the county and supplying a steady flow of qualified, trained workers to the workforce. Tri-C enriches the lives of students by raising their lifetime earnings and helping them achieve their individual potential. The college benefits state and local taxpayers through increased tax receipts and a reduced demand for government-supported social services. Finally, Tri-C benefits society as a whole in Ohio by creating a more prosperous economy and generating a variety of savings through the improved lifestyles of students.



About the study

Data and assumptions used in the study are based on several sources, including the FY 2020-21 academic and financial reports from Tri-C, industry and employment data from the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics and U.S. Census Bureau, outputs of Lightcast's Multi-Regional Social Accounting Matrix model, and a variety of studies and surveys relating education to social behavior. The

The results of this study demonstrate that Tri-C creates value from multiple perspectives.

study applies a conservative methodology and follows standard practice using only the most recognized indicators of economic impact and investment effectiveness. For a full description of the data and approach used in the study, please contact the college for a copy of the main report.

Lightcast

Lightcast provides colleges and universities with labor market data that help create better outcomes for students, businesses, and communities. Our data, which cover more than 99% of the U.S. workforce, are compiled from a wide variety of government sources, job postings, and online profiles and résumés. Hundreds of institutions use Lightcast to align programs with regional needs, drive enrollment, connect students with in-demand careers, track their alumni's employment outcomes, and demonstrate their institution's economic impact on their region. Visit lightcast.io/solutions/education to learn more or connect with us.